David Chery, January 17, 2022

## David Chery:

Why don't you guys go ahead and open your Bibles to the book of Daniel. We're actually

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- in our second week in our new series out of the Book of Daniel. Last week we met Daniel
- and we saw, OK, this is the guy that the book of Daniel is named after. A young man of
- noble birth and he was actually stolen from his home after his city was conquered and
- brought to a hostile environment in Babylon.
- And so we saw how this environment was kind of constricting to his ability to follow
- 8 God and to pursue God, and Daniel really is considered one of the heroes of the Faith in
- 9 the Bible.
- And so as we see and we look at this hostile environment, the question is, is that normal?
- Is it normal for a believer in God to be in a hostile environment and I would just say to
- you that it's it's actually not unique in history.
- I would say that all environments inevitably end up hostile to God, and Jesus actually
- warned about this in the book of John. Listen to what Jesus said about it. He said "if the
- world hates you, know that it hated me before it hated you. If you were of the world, the
- world would love you as its own. But because you are not of the world but I chose you
- out of the world. Therefore the world hates you."
- And so what Jesus saying is the environment will be hostile. It's actually the way that it's
- been and it will be that way. And so the question then is what do we do about that?
- Do you have to be a famous prophet like the prophet Daniel to be able to live well in such
- a situation? And I would say to you, "absolutely not." Anybody can learn to live in an
- environment, even if it's hostile to following or having a relationship with God. And so
- today we're going to turn away from Daniel, who's well known, and we're going to turn
- towards one of his, or several of his, rather less well known friends. And we're going to
- look at how they coped in times like the times at that Daniel was living in, and so we'll be
- in Daniel Chapter 3 starting with verse 8. And we'll read down through the end of the
- chapter and so turn to Daniel.
- And so let's start with verse 8, and as we're reading here, some time has passed since they
- first came from Judah to Babylon, and the shock of defeat has kind of weird off a little bit
- worn off a little bit from them. And so now they're just living in Babylon. And this is
- kind of where we pick up. And so it says:
- (David Chery reads Daniel 3:8-30 from ESV)

## 33 David Chery:

This is a fun story. I can't wait to talk through this with you guys. First, let's pray and then

we're gonna go through it verse by verse.

Lord, we thank you for today. We thank you that you're with us already. We thank you for the way that you move in the midst of worship as we lift our voices to you. We thank you for your Bible written these accounts of history written for us for not only the benefit of the people that have gone before, but for our benefit today in our time. Lord, I pray that as we talk through these verses that you would speak to us through them. I pray that you would move throughout this room by your Holy Spirit, encouraging us, strengthening us, helping us. Lord, I pray all these things in your name, Amen.

Alright, so as we're looking here, it's kind of interesting because when they were first conquered and brought to Babylon, they had this ordeal that took place in the beginning of Daniel Chapter one, and it was a little bit rocky. A little bit rough, but they got through it and you would imagine that after that rocky start things would kind of just settle into place. Things would be good for them, not so much. We're going to see why not so much here.

If you look in verse eight, it says therefore, at that time certain Chaldeans came forward and maliciously accused the Jews. And so here are these guys that have come from the Judah and come from Jerusalem and right off the bat they're being accused. They're saying, "No, we gotta get after these guys. We got to attack." They're being attacked here and we see why. Here in verse nine it says they declared to king Nebuchadnezzar, "O King, live forever. You, O King, have made decree that every man who hears the sound of the horn pipe, lyre, trigon, harp, bagpipe and every kind of music shall fall down and worship the golden image."

And so the reason why they're attacking these young guys from Judah is because King
Nebuchadnezzar had set up this image, this golden image and it was huge. We know
from the beginning of chapter three that it was 90 feet tall and nine feet wide, and so this
huge image that they would have to look up to. And it said whenever there is music
playing and they hear it what they're supposed to do is they're supposed to fall down in
front of this image and just start worshipping it.

And they're like, "Nebuchadnezzar, that was your decree. That was your law." And they say, "But whoever does not fall down and worship shall be cast into a burning fiery furnace." And so there's this huge statue. It's golden, and they hear music they're supposed to worship. And it's not optional.

It's not "worship this image if you feel like it" or "worship this image if that sounds good to you," it's "worship this image or die, worship this image or you get thrown into an oven and you get burned alive." And they're saying, "this is what you said King
Nebuchadnezzar," but verse 12, "there are certain Jews whom you have appointed over the affairs of the province of Babylon. Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego. These men o
King pay no attention to you. They do not serve your gods or worship the golden image that you have set up," and so they're like: "OK, so this is what you set up

- Nebuchadnezzar. But now here are these guys. We're not gonna play any fingers, but 74 they're right over there and here are their names. And they're not doing what you said." 75
- "You said 'when the music plays, bow down and worship, and if not: fiery furnace' and 76 they're not doing it." And they're calling out Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego by name.
- Now in verse 13 it says Nebuchadnezzar in a furious rage commanded that Shadrack, 78
- Meshach and Abednego be brought, and so Nebuchadnezzar is furious. He's angry. He's
- like, "I can't believe it" and he says "bring those people to me." 80
- This is interesting because when we looked in Daniel chapter one when Daniel was trying 81
- to work things out so he could still be faithful to God, it says that God gave compassion 82
- to the official towards Daniel. Well, we don't seem to see that here. With 83
- Nebuchadnezzar, there doesn't seem to be any compassion. He's just furious. Bring him 84
- to me and look what he says he says. Is it true? Oh Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego 85
- that you do not serve my God or worship the golden image that I've set up. 86
- He's asking him he's like, "is it true that you're not obeying my decree? Is it true that 87
- you're not doing what I told? Is it true that you're not obeying?" And underneath this is, 88
- "how dare you not obey?! How dare you?!" He's angry. And he says, "if you do not 89
- worship, you shall immediately be cast into a burning fiery furnace. I don't care where 90
- I've placed you, I don't care what kind of privilege I've given you. You will have the 91
- consequence you will go into that furnace." 92
- And look what he says next: "And who is the God who will deliver you out of my hand?" 93
- You know what they call that? A threat. "Do you think you'll escape me? Do you think 94
- somehow you'll be able to get away if I decide you're gonna die? I'm king of Babylon. I 95
- have power over you and if I say you're going to die, you will die and no God can save 96
- you." 97

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- This is interesting, isn't it? We can look at this and say, oh man, this is far removed
- though. That was Babylon back then, you know. King Nebuchadnezzar, he was crazy.
- And it's true this is happening to believers in the Old Testament Church, you might say. 100
- But stuff like this happens in the New Testament Church. Things like this happened. 101
- I don't know if you remember when Jesus had risen from the dead and his disciples were 102
- left behind before he left, he commanded them. He said "what I want you to do is, I want 103
- you to tell people about me. Share the good news about me." That's what he told his 104
- disciples to do. He said, "Peter share about me, John share about me." And so they went 105
- around doing that. 106
- One day they were in the temple, and there was a guy who was paralyzed and the guy 107
- said, "Can I get some money?" And Peter says, "Look at me," and he's like, "oh he's 108
- gonna give me some money" and Peter's like, "I don't got no money, I'm a pastor. No

- money, but what I have I give to you. Get up and walk." And the guy says, "I can walk!" and everyone's like: "What?? We never—this is amazing!"
- And people gather around Peter and John. They said, "How in the world did you do that?" And Peter says, "Easy. Jesus. He's Lord over our bodies. He's Lord over this earth. He's God. Believe in him and he'll save you from your sin." And 5,000 people are saved.
- It actually is specific to say 5,000 men, which means there could have been women and children there too, who were saved. And the rulers and the authorities say, "No, we don't like this! We killed Jesus for a reason!" And they get Peter and they get John. They say, "Stop talking about Jesus! Stop it!"
- And I want to read to you their response. This is in acts Chapter 4, verse 19. It says, "But Peter and John answered them. Whether it is right in the sight of God to listen to you rather than God, you must judge. For we cannot but speak of what we have seen and heard."
- They're saying, "I know you're telling us to stop talking about Jesus, but Jesus told us to talk about Jesus and Jesus is God and you're not. And so we're going to speak of what we've seen and heard." Saying: "We have to obey God."
- See as Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego are standing before the king and the king is saying "Who can deliver you from my hand?" They're saying, "We have to obey God."
- You can look at what happens next, what they say in verse 16. So Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego answered and said to the king, "Oh Nebuchadnezzar, we have no need to answer you in this matter."
- This is interesting. Because they're speaking to the king and they're being respectful, right? They're not saying, "we don't have to listen to you." They're not saying, "you're nothing." They're: "Oh king Nebuchadnezzar!" But they're firm. "Oh king Nebuchadnezzar. We have no need to answer you in this matter."
- What are they saying here? They're saying, "We know you're the king. We know that you rule Babylon. We know that you have power over us. But there is a ruler above you. The living God. And we ultimately answer to him. We have no need to answer you in this matter."
- They continue to say, "If this be so, our God, whom we serve is able to deliver us from the burning fiery furnace, and he would deliver us out of your hand, O King." Why do they say that? "Our God can deliver us." The reason why they said that is because earlier, remember what King Nebuchadnezzar said: He asked a question. It was a hypothetical question. I don't think he expected an answer. "What God can deliver you from my hand?" The implied answer is: "No God can. If I want you to die, you will die."

But they take the time to actually answer his hypothetical question. "There is a God, the only God, the living God, and he can deliver us from your hand Nebuchadnezzar." They want him to know that. And they go on to say, "But if not, be it known to you, O King," (keep noticing they keep saying "oh king, oh king"—they're acknowledging that he's the king) "Be it known to you, O king, that we will not serve your gods or worship the golden image that you have set up."

This is interesting. You know what they're saying, right? They're saying, "Even if our God doesn't deliver us from your hand," so they're acknowledging that God could make that choice. God can do it, but he may choose to just let them die, and he'd be perfectly within his rights to do so. He doesn't have to deliver them from Nebuchadnezzar's hands. He allowed Jerusalem to fall.

They're saying, "Even if that is the case, so be it. We're not going to follow your law. It's unjust." And you might say, "But wait, wait wait, wait wait, wait!! Don't they remember Romans 13?!" Well, it wasn't written yet, but the principle was still there. Romans 13, where it says let everyone be subject to the governing authorities: What about that? Are they disobeying that?

Well, I think that they also understood the second part of that verse and the principle contained in it. For there is no authority except that which is God, or that which God, rather, has established. The authorities that exist have been established by God. And I think they concluded that if the authorities contradict God, they must obey God rather than man.

I think that is what empowers them to say, "Oh, King Nebuchadnezzar. We will not 166 follow your law. We will not follow your decree." And King Nebuchadnezzar, it says, 167 was filled with fury and the expression of his face was changed against Shadrack, 168 Meshach and Abednego. He is upset if he was angry before that was nothing compared to 169 now. And I think when it says that his face was changed toward them... I think that when 170 he originally asked them "is it true?"... I think that he still kind of liked them. 171 Remember, he had appointed them to honorable places and places of authority, but now 172 he's like, "That's it. I want them dead. I want them really dead!" 173

It says he ordered the furnace heated 7 times more than it was usually heated. He's gotta heat that oven. He's gonna heat it really, really hot because he doesn't want them to just burn. He wants them incinerated. He's mad. But it says because of the King's order, which was urgent and the furnace overheated, the flame of the fire killed those men who took up Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego. And so the flame is so hot that the guys that were there to throw them into the fire: what happened to them? It's so hot that they drop dead just by being near the fire.

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And it says, "and these three men Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego fell bound into the burning fire." I'm always like "Dang, they can't catch a break." You know, if the guys that are holding you drop dead, that's your chance to escape. But somehow they fell into the fire as these guys were dying.

So here they are, they've accepted the consequences of disobeying the King's order. And it seems like they're getting the consequence. They're falling into the fire.

This is something, isn't it? You know, it's been really interesting, this pandemic that 187 we've gone through throughout 2020 and going into 2021, isn't it? And for the record, I 188 just want you to know that it is important to be wise, as we go through it. It's the reason 189 why you guys are all spaced apart. It's the reason why we've had multiple, multiple 190 services and some of you remember when we did four services, you know, in a row. I 191 was tired those two weeks, you know, just four services. That's the reason why we clean 192 stuff like crazy. Some of you are clean freaks—you love it—and "now I have a reason!" 193 It's the reason why we are all wearing masks. 194

But some of the restrictions have surprised me a little bit. Like saying to churches, "You 195 cannot meet. You can't meet churches. If you're a strip club you can meet"... because it's 196 more sanitary going to strip club than to church, I guess... "But churches, no, you can't 197 meet." That's interesting to me. Or, "Churches, when you gather you may not sing." And 198 the church says, "But what if we're outside? Can we sing then?" "No, not even if you're 199 outside." "Well, what if we're outside and we're six feet apart? Can we sing then?" "No, 200 not even if you're spaced out six feet apart." "What if we're outside and we're six feet 201 apart and we're all wearing mask, can we sing then?" "No, you can't! You can hum if you 202 want to." 203

This is real, real, real, things. That's really interesting to me. The reason why it's interesting is because it seems to go against the Bible. Gathering for example. Gathering has been a mode of worship for Jesus' Church through the whole Bible. Whether it be the Tabernacle, whether it be the temple, whether it be the synagogue or in homes, gathering with the church has been the mode of worship.

And Hebrews chapter 10: 24 and 25 you may be familiar with it. It says, "let us consider how to stir up one another to love and good works, not neglecting to meet together, as is the habit of some but encouraging one another, all the more, as you see the day drawing near." Gathering with the church.

Now back then, they didn't have Zoom like we do. They didn't have live stream, but they had technology. Their technology is called roads. Rome had amazing roads, they built roads all throughout the empire. And you know what those roads allowed for? Letters and mail to be sent out, and so for them their technology was sending letters. If they couldn't be there face to face, they would send letters, but even that wasn't enough for them.

- Look at what John says in second John 12. He says, "Though I have much to write to you, I would rather not use paper and ink. Instead, I hope to come to you and talk face to face so that our joy may be complete."
- It's interesting. He's almost making it sound like their joy *can't* be complete unless they're face to face.
- He says it again in 3rd John, 13 and 14. "I had much to write you, but I would rather not write with pen and ink. I hope to see you soon and we will talk face to face."
- See gathering with the church: it's essential. It's essential. I would even venture to say it's more essential than Costco. Or Trader Joe's. Or Fred Meyer. Home Depot. It's essential.
- Well, what about singing? God's people not being able to sing when gathered is unheard of in the Bible. In fact, God commands his people to sing when they gather. Psalm 47:6, "Sing praises to God, sing praises, sing praises to our King, sing praises." 1, 2, 3, 4 times in one little section, "Sing. Sing. Sing. Sing."
- Psalm 68:4, "Sing to God, sing praises to his name, lift up a song to him who rides through the deserts. His name is the Lord, Exalt before him."
- Psalm 81:1, "Sing aloud to God our strength, shout for joy to the God of Jacob.
- Psalm 98:5, "Sing praises to the Lord with a lyre, with a lyre and the sound of melody."
- See all of these psalms were given in the context of the gathered church. And as they gather, they say, "Sing. Sing. Sing."
- Even the New Testament Church, Ephesians 5:19, "Address one another in psalms and hymns and spiritual songs. Singing and making melody to the Lord with your heart."
- See when Jesus churches gathered, God commands, "Sing!" And so the question for the
  Christian is what do they do when a mandate goes directly against Scripture? What do
  Christians do then?
- Now, fortunately, the Supreme Court has helped us by saying "The constitution may not be suspended even in a pandemic or an emergency." That's helpful. Yeah? But let me just say to you, the time will come where the Supreme Court will not save us, from making that choice. The time will come where the Supreme Court will be just as happy to take away our rights as preserve them. And what will the Christians do then?
- See for Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego. They looked the king straight in the face and they say, "Oh king. Your law is unjust. We will not obey it." And they're willing to face the consequence.

- Now in verse 24 you see what happens with the king. It says, "The king Nebuchadnezzar was astonished and he rose up in haste. He declared to his counselors, 'Did we not cast three men bound into the fire?' And they answered and said to the king, 'True O King!'"
  And so the king, he's like, "Whoa, whoa, what's happening right now??" And he's like, "My math is not so good. I thought we threw 3 into the fire." And they're like, "Yeah, it's true we threw 3 into the fire."
- Why is he saying this? Well, we see it says. "But I see four men unbound walking in the midst of the fire, and they are not hurt, and the appearance of the fourth is like the son of the gods."
- So Nebuchadnezzar, he's looking into this furnace that he's heated so, so, so hot to try to incinerate them, and they're walking around. They're unbound, so I don't know what happened to their ropes or whatever was binding them, but they're gone and they're just walking around casual and there's another one walking around and he looks like a son of the gods.
- I don't even know what a son of the gods look like. Maybe he was shining bright. I don't know, but there's another walking in the fire with them.
- Some people think that this was an appearance of Jesus in the Old Testament. Others think it was an Angel, but this was somebody walking in the fire with them.
- And the king is just blown away by this. And he says, "Shadrack, Meshach, Abednego!
  Servant of the most high God! Come out and come here." Then Shadrack, Meshach, and
  Abednego come out of the fire.
- This is interesting, 'cause the king has a new command, "Come out of the fire!" And
  Shadrack, Meshach, and Abednego say, "OK, we'll obey that one. We're out." When they
  come out of the fire, the king wants to see what's going on here! So they come out. And it
  says in all the satraps the prefects and the governors and the Kings counsellors gathered
  together and saw that the fire had not any power over the bodies of those men.
- The hair of their heads is not singed. Their cloaks were not harmed. And no smell of fire had come upon them. Wow.
- They came out. And their cloaks? Not even burned. Their hair? Not even singed. They don't even smell like fire. You know if you've been around a campfire, you know out camping or something like that, and then you go home and smell your clothes that you had while you're on the campfire? You're just like, "Oh my goodness, I didn't smell that when I was out there! It smells like smoke." They didn't smell like smoke at all, completely fresh, just like they had just washed their clothes in the washing machine.

  Completely fresh.

- And the king changes his tune. Verse 28, "Bless be the God of Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego, who has sent his Angel and delivered his servants he trusted in him and set aside the King's command and yielded up their bodies rather than serving worship any God except their own God!" Nebuchadnezzar: "Blessed be the God of Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego!"
- This is the guy that laid siege to Jerusalem. This is the guy that kidnapped all the royalty and the nobles and anyone who had any potential and brought them to Babylon and indoctrinated them for three years and took away their names and their identity. That same guy.
- He's saying, "blessed be the God of Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego." Still using their
  Babylonian names, but that's OK one step at a time. And he says, "Blessed be their God
  because they didn't follow the King's edict." And I like how he said the Kings edict. He
  didn't say my edict, you know. He tried to like it was some other king across the room
  that they didn't follow. You know, "Bless because they didn't follow the King's edict, and
  they refused to worship any other God but their God. Blessed be them and their God."
- And then verse 29, "Therefore I make a decree." So he makes a new decree. And this is what it is. "Any people, nation or language that speaks anything against the God of Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego shall be torn limb from limb and their house is laid in ruins, but there is no other God who is able to rescue in this way." That's really interesting, isn't it?
- King Nebuchadnezzar, ruler of the Babylonian Empire. The greatest empire up until that point. And he says, "Nobody mess with the God of Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego."
  Why? "Because he has power greater than my power. He's stronger than me. He is a true king. Greater than I am." And he acknowledges God's glory. And then he turns to Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego and he promotes them.
- All because Shadrack, Meshach and Abednego had courage to obey God rather than man.
- When I was younger we used to stand in the classroom in grade school and say the
  Pledge of Allegiance. And we would say, "One nation under God." And as a kid I
  thought nothing of it. Now, I've noticed how it's very intentionally taken out. "Under
  God." And I've noticed through the years, a decline of our culture. To the point where
  now I'm older, I have children. And I'm having conversation with those children that I
  never thought that I would have.
- Comes to my mind when I was driving two of my kids to school and I had to have a conversation with them saying, "Yes, it is true. That some people think it is OK to take a baby in their mom's tummy and rip it apart and kill it." "Really?! No, it can't be!" "I know, it is. Some people think it's OK to, even as that baby is being born, extinguish its

- life." "But Daddy, that's murder, isn't it?!" "It is." "Why daddy?!" "This age is evil, you guys, it's evil."
- Every night when I pray for my kids I always make sure to not forget this one prayer,

  "God protect them from this age, because our times are evil." They're evil. And it's going
  to go faster and it's going to get worse.
- What will be the result? Well, the result will be for those who have courage to follow the living God, come what may: protection. And for the living God himself: glory.
- In the New Testament church, it wasn't just Peter who was threatened. The other leaders and other Christians were threatened too. They were scattered with persecution. Paul, for example in Philippi, he was teaching about God. There is a girl who had an unclean spirit harassing her, oppressing her. He freed her from the unclean spirit and the people in the town surround him and they want to do him harm.
- And listen to what they said to the rulers and the authorities. This is out of Acts chapter
  16, verse 21. It says, "they advocate customs that are not lawful for us Romans to accept
  or practice. The crowd joined in the attack. And the magistrates tore their garments off of
  them and gave orders to beat them with rods. And when they had inflicted many blows
  upon them, they threw them into prison, ordering the jailer to keep them safely. And
  having received this order, he put them in the inner prison and fastened their feet in
  stocks."
- What they do wrong? What was it that was unlawful? They were talking about Jesus.
  They're obeying what he told him to. And now here they are, they're in jail, maximum security, the inner prison with their feet in stocks, after their clothes have been stripped off of them, and they've been beat repeatedly with many blows.
- And what do they do? They sing. They worship. In the prison. And all of the inmates and the jailer... they're all listening. "What are these guys doing? They're bloody, their feet are in stocks, and they're singing?" And late that night there was an earthquake. And everything starts to shake. Shake so much that the doors to the cells open up. Shake so much that the chains on their feet break off. 'Cause isn't that what happens when earthquakes happen, right? Your chains break off? You're in handcuffs and all of a sudden they fall off? "Oh, the earthquake!" Right?
- And the jailor is like freaking out because he thinks they all escaped. And he's ready to kill himself. Why? Because the punishment for losing your charge in the prison was death, and he would rather do it himself quickly than let the Romans do it. And Paul and Silas say "Whoa, whoa, whoa, whoa, wait! Stop, stop stop! We're here still. We haven't gone anywhere."

- And the jailers like, "You're here? After everything that's happened, God broke you out and you're here?" And they're like, "Yeah." And he says this wonderful phrase: "What must I do to be saved?" And they say, "Funny you ask. That's just what we want to tell you."
- And they tell him about how Jesus came as a man. But he wasn't just a man. He was God, too. They tell him about how he died. On a cross, and he intentionally allowed himself to be killed, for that jailer sins, so that he could be forgiven and become a part of God's family. And the jailer says, "Oh! Could it really be true?" And they say, "We're sitting here in a prison so that you can know it." And he says, "OK! I believe." And they say, "Good." He says, "But my wife needs to know, my kids need to know, my servants need to know. Will you come to my house and tell them, too?" And they say, "Sure."
- And so he takes them. Offers them his hospitality and they tell the household and the whole household believes. And because Paul and Silas had courage, salvation comes to that household. And God gets glory.
- Why are we here Summit Creek? What are we doing? Why are we even here this morning? Don't you know that we found life? Jesus was serious when he said, "I am the way, the truth, and the life." We are here because it is our job to point to life and say, "Come with us. Let's find it together."
- But the time is gonna come, you guys, when it is *unpopular*. That might be here already.

  The time is going to come where it is *illegal* to point to life and say, "come with us."
- Summit Creek, what will we do then? Will we say, "Oh yes, we won't say it anymore."
  Will we be like Shadrack Meshach and Abednego? Will we be like Peter and John? Will
  we be like Paul and Silas and say? Answer me this: Who should we obey, God or man?
  Are we 'gonna obey God? My hope is that we would have the courage to obey God even
  in the face of an environment that is increasingly hostile to following and pursuing the
  living God. That's my hope. So why don't we go ahead and stand up? I'm going to pray
  and we're going to worship to one more song. Go ahead.

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